

**Table 3. Corn POST herbicides that will not cause carryover injury in field peas.**

Herbicide table includes rotation restrictions for field peas and efficacy rating for NE most troublesome weeds

Site of Action	Corn herbicide	Common name	Rotation Restriction for Field Peas <sup>1</sup>	Weed Response to Selected Herbicides					
				Kochia	Lambsquarters	Marestail	Pigweeds	Russian Thistle	Foxtail species
<b>POST</b>									
4	2,4-D ester 4L	2,4-D	NCS	5	8	6	7	4	1
2	Accent Q	nicosulfuron + isoxadifen	10	6	4	5	7	3	8
14	Aim	carfentrazone-ethyl	AT	6	9	7	8	6	1
27	Armezon	topramezone	9/18 <sup>cb</sup>	6	9	6	9	9	4
27+15+ 9	Armezon Pro	topronezone + dimethenamid-P	9/18 <sup>cw</sup>	check 2018 weed guide for tank mixes					
4	Banvel/dicamba	Dimethylamine salt of dicamba	NCS <sup>B</sup>	8	8	6	8	9	1
2	Basis Blend	rimsulfuron + thifensulfuron	8/10 <sup>ab</sup>	3	7	5	9	4	7
2	Beacon	primsulfuron	8	8	5	3	8	5	5
6	Buctril	bromoxynil	1	check 2018 weed guide for tank mixes					
14	Cadet	fluthiacet-methyl	NCS	6	8	5	6	6	1
2+27	Capreno	thiencarbazone-methyl + nicosulfuron	18 <sup>co,cq</sup>	8	9	6	9	9	8
4	Clarity	dicamba-glycolamine	180 D <sup>m</sup>	8	8	6	8	9	1
4	Diflex	dicamba-glycolamine	120 D/180 D <sup>dw</sup>	8	8	6	8	9	2
4+27	Diflex Duo	dicamba + tembotrione	10	8	9	8	9	9	6
9	Glyphosate	glyphosate	AT	8	8	8	9	7	10
4+2	Hornet WDG	flumetsulam + clopyralid	10.5/18 <sup>p</sup>	6	8	8	7	5	10
27	Impact	topramezone	9/18 <sup>cb</sup>	6	9	6	9	9	6
27	Laudis	tembotrione	10	7	9	6	9	9	6
10	Liberty	glufosinate-ammonium	180 D	7	7	5	9	7	8
2	Permit/Sandea	halosulfuron	9	6	5	5	9	4	1
2	Resolve Q	rimsulfuron + thifensulfuron + safener	10	8	6	8	8	3	8
2	Resolve SG/Solida	rimsulfuron	10	8	6	8	8	3	8
14	Resource	flumiclorac	1	3	7	3	5	3	1
2	Spirit	prosulfuron + primsulfuron	10	8	6	3	8	4	4
19+4	Status	diflufenzopyr + dicamba	120 D	8	8	8	8	9	6
2	Steadfast Q	nicosulfuron + rimsulfuron + isoxadifen	10	6	6	3	7	3	8
4	Starane Ultra	fluroxypyr	4	9	2	6	2	5	1
4+2	Yukon	halosulfuron-methyl + dicamba	9	7	8	6	9	7	1

<sup>1</sup> Months unless otherwise noted. D = Days; AT = Any Time; NCS = Next Cropping Season; 2CS = Second Cropping Season; 3CS = Third Cropping Season, NTE = No Tolerance Established NI = No information, FBA = Field Bioassay, DNR = Do not rotate.

<sup>ab</sup> 11 months for STS varieties, 36 months or earlier with a bioassay 14 or 26 months if pH < 7.9 and rainfall limits are followed.

<sup>cb</sup> Pea 9 months; snap bean 18 months

<sup>cl</sup> Rotation interval depends upon rate applied and soil texture. See the label for detailed instructions

<sup>co</sup> When soil pH is 7.5 or above, use longer rotation intervals. Consult the label; cq Additionally, 15 inch of cumulative precipitation must occur between application and planting of rotational crop

<sup>cw</sup> West of Hwy 83, 9 months up to 16 fl oz/A, 18 months over 16 fl oz/A; on light textured soils such as sands and loamy sands extend time by 7 additional days, on high pH soils (>7.9), extend time to planting by 7 additional days.

<sup>dw</sup> 120 days and over 24 fl oz/A and over 30"rainfall annually. 180 days and over 24 fl oz/A and under 30"rainfall annually.

<sup>B</sup> Rotation interval is 45 days per pint of Banvel applied at 23 days per pint of Banvel SGF, excluding days when the ground is frozen

<sup>m</sup> Applications of 24 oz/A or less = 22 days for each 8 fluid oz; 24 oz/A or more = 45 day interval for each 16 fluid oz/A applied.

<sup>p</sup> Peas may be planted 10.5 months following < 4 oz/A application rate; 18 months when annual rainfall and/or irrigation is less than 15 inches on soils with less than 2% organic matter