The map shows mainly the potential vegetation.

NATURAL VEGETATION

- Mixed herbaceous-warmwood ephemeral steppe with patches of halophilous vegetation
- Medium herbaceous-couchgrass ephemeral vegetation
- Warmwood-feathergrass (Antennaria-stopi) semideserts with patches of fruitless vegetation
- Sedge-meadowgrass ephemeral semideserts with patches of halophilous vegetation
- Semi-fruticose ephemeral sandy semideserts in southern part of Afghanistan
- Semi-fruticose ephemeral sandy semideserts in northern part of Afghanistan
- Halophilous vegetation (lamb's-knees, warmwood-saltwater semideserts, reeds)
- Permanent seasonal and episodic lakes with saltwater communities on waterbodies
- Warmwood steppe with shrubs (Rosaceae, Juniperus, Astragalus)
- Juniper woods and shrubs with roses
- Evergreen oak-woods (with Quercus, Quercus, Fraxinus, Amorpha)
- Coniferous forests with pine (Pinus), spruce (Picea), fir (Abies, Pinus, Pseudotsuga)
- Mountain steppe with Eurasia and Artemisia
- Cultivated fields and fragments of natural willow, poplar clusters (Salix-Populus-Betula) shrubs on irrigated areas

THE HERBIVORA

- Long-Tailed Marmot (Marmota caudata)
- Jerboa (Heterocephalus)
- Grotto Gazelle (Gazella subgutturosa)
- Fox (Canis lupus)
- Marco Polo Sheep (Ovis ammon poli)

THE CARNIVORA

- Leopard (Panthera pardus)
- Striped Hyena (Hyaena hyaena)
- Jackal (Canis aureus)
- Brown Bear (Ursus arctos)

These two kinds of vegetation are distributed in valleys only.